

Date last modification of documentation sheet: 06-22-2012

Compared to previous version documentation sheet (07-01-2012) the following issues were adapted:

- New section on relevant policy areas added to the documentation sheet

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| <i>ECHIM Indicator name</i>                | <b>E) Health interventions: health promotion</b><br>88. Integrated programmes in settings, including workplaces, schools, hospitals   |
| <i>Relevant policy areas</i>               | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Health inequalities (including accessibility of care)</li> <li>- (Preventable) Burden of Disease (BoD)</li> <li>- Preventable health risks</li> <li>- Life style, health behaviour</li> <li>- Child health (including young adults)</li> <li>- Occupational health</li> <li>- Health in All Policies (HiAP)</li> </ul>   |
| <i>Definition</i>                          | A composite index of integrated programmes for health promotion policy and practice in different settings, including workplace, schools, hospitals, communities, prisons and other key settings for health promotion interventions.   |
| <i>Key issues and problems</i>             | <p>Topic needs much further development. The keys issues are:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1) At the moment there is no satisfactory proposal for indicator definition, calculation and data sources.</li> <li>2) Scope of this indicator? Because we have to restrict for practical reasons, we may consider a focus on settings like neighbourhoods (especially taking SES differences into account), workplaces, schools. But the key issue is whether meaningful data exist on e.g. budgets for certain specified actions, operation of specified procedures, etc.</li> </ol>   |
| <i>Preferred data type and data source</i> | <p>Preferred data type:<br/>Policy documents and comparable. Possibly some information can be obtained by interviews.</p> <p>Preferred data source:<br/>Not decided yet.</p>  |
| <i>Data availability</i>                   | Eurostat, WHO-HfA and OECD: No data available.  |
| <i>Rationale</i>                           | This is an important area of activities in health promotion -which are not just delivered via lifestyle change strategies alone, but include healthy public policy initiatives. Indicators for monitoring these areas should be developed.  |
| <i>Remarks</i>                             |   |
| <i>References</i>                          | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- The European Health Promotion Indicators Development, EUHPID (2002-2004): Davies, J.K., Bauer, G. and Pelikan, J. (2006) The EUPHID Health Development Model for the classification of public health indicators. Health Promotion International, 21 (2). pp. 153-159. <a href="http://heapro.oxfordjournals.org/content/21/2/153.full">http://heapro.oxfordjournals.org/content/21/2/153.full</a></li> <li>- The Comprehensive Database of Health Promotion Policies, Infrastructures and Practices, HP-Source: <a href="http://www.hp-source.net/">http://www.hp-source.net/</a></li> <li>- International Union for Health Promotion and Education, IUPHE: <a href="http://www.iuhpe.org">http://www.iuhpe.org</a></li> </ul> |
| <i>Work to do</i>                          | - Needs much further development. Consult key experts/networks for the presence of data and information that might be feasible for th intended context.   |